

A piece of dry flour in a קרבן מנחה is considered a ראשון לטומאה.

A cow that was led into the water, and then שחיטה was performed upon it, the water makes the cow susceptible to טומאה.

If a שרץ was found in an oven while bread is baking, the bread is a ראשון שני לטומאה (the oven is a ראשון).

Unlike other כלים, a כלי חרס that is טמא is מטמא foods even if they did not touch the כלי, but were merely in its airspace (i.e., within the walls of the כלי, but not touching).

If a barrel of wine that is תרומה breaks, and there is a barrel under it that has wine that is טמא, he should try to save in a כלי that is טהור. If he is unable to obtain such a כלי, he may capture in his hands.

Oil that is טמא should be placed in a vessel that would not be eaten from, in order to insure that one does not come to eat the שמן that is טמא.