

## ביצה לח

If a person agreed to lend out a כלי before יום טוב, but the כלי was actually taken on יום טוב, the כלי acquires the תחום of the borrower, because it is תלוי on the agreement, not on who possessed it when יום טוב came in.

In a place where produce is measured out and pebbles and other such things are included in the measurement, then if a person steals pebbles from the warehouse, he must pay back the value of the produce, as the pebbles have the same value as produce.